

Mining retention and disposal schedule QDAN 737 v.2

Authorised 3 February 2017

An authorisation under s.26 of the *Public Records Act 2002* for the disposal of mining records created by the Department of Natural Resources and Mines.

Where printed, this reproduction is only accurate at the time of printing.

The <u>Queensland Government (For Government) website</u> should always be referred to for the current, authorised version.



Using this schedule

The Mining retention and disposal schedule authorises the disposal of records related to the regulation of mining resources in Queensland, including the safety and health compliance of activities surrounding explosives, fireworks and mining resources created by the Department of Natural Resources and Mines. It applies to records created in any format, unless otherwise specified in the class description.

The Mining retention and disposal schedule can be used in conjunction with the <u>General retention and disposal schedule</u> (GRDS). Record classes in the Common Activities section of the GRDS can be applied to any function undertaken by the agency, provided the retention period meets all of the agency's specific regulatory requirements and there are no exclusions listed. Schedules should be reviewed at least every five years.

Any references to repealed legislation may be taken as a reference to current legislation if the context permits.

Any previously authorised retention and disposal schedule covering record classes described in this schedule is now superseded and previous versions should be removed from use. It is the agency's responsibility to maintain the current approved schedule within their business practices and systems. Revoked schedules include:

- QDAN196 Department of Mines and Energy Company Reports
- QDAN201 Mining Warden (Magistrates Court, Cloncurry)
- QDAN304 Department of Mines and Energy Section 1 only Exploration Data Centre Assays
- QDAN347 Department of Mines and Energy Exploration Data Centre Assays
- QDAN391 Department of Mines and Energy Mines and Energy Library Films
- QDAN491 Department of Mines and Energy Mining Wardens Court
- QDAN514 Department of Mines and Energy Mining Warden References 1.1 and 1.2 only
- QDAN519 Department of Mines and Energy Coal Industry Employment Health Assessments
- QDAN543 Department of Natural Resources and Mines Surveys and Drafting Charts
- QDAN549 Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Water Mining Warden / Gas Examiner
- QDAN565 Department of Natural Resources and Mines Mineral Exploration Permits, Leases and Claims
- QDAN591 Department of Natural Resources and Mines Inspector of Mines (Rockhampton)
- QDAN737 v2 Mining retention and disposal schedule

When this schedule should not be used

It is an offence under the *Criminal Code Act 1899* (s.129) 'for a person, who knowing something is or may be needed in evidence in a judicial proceeding, damages it with intent to stop it being used in evidence'. A duty of care exists for agencies to ensure records that may be needed in evidence in a judicial proceeding, including any legal action or a Commission of Inquiry, are not disposed of. Internal processes should be implemented to meet this obligation, which may include consultation with your legal or right to information area or issuing an internal records disposal freeze if it is reasonably expected that a judicial proceeding may occur, e.g. retaining property files that may contain information on the use of asbestos in buildings.

Additionally, any group of records covered by a disposal freeze issued by the State Archivist cannot be disposed of while the freeze is in place. Disposal freezes generally relate to a particular topic or event which has gained prominence or provokes controversy. Further information about current disposal freezes and whether they affect the use of this schedule is available from the <u>Queensland Government (For Government) website</u>.

Records which are subject to a request for access under the *Right to Information Act 2009*, the *Information Privacy Act 2009* or any other relevant Act must not be destroyed until the action, and any applicable appeal period, has been completed.

Schedule layout

Each class has been allocated a unique number to aid with the disposal of records. Further implementation information is available on the <u>Queensland</u> <u>Government (For Government) website</u>.

Disposal

No further authorisation is required from the State Archivist for the records disposed of under this schedule. However, disposal must be appropriately documented in accordance with *Information Standard 31: Retention and Disposal of Public Records*. Approval from your CEO or authorised delegate is also required prior to disposal.

Any disposal of public records without authorisation from the State Archivist may be a breach of the Public Records Act 2002 (s. 13).

How we can help?

More information on implementing schedules is available on the <u>Queensland Government (For Government) website</u>. Any enquiries about this schedule or recordkeeping should be directed in the first instance to your Records Manager. If further information is required, please contact Queensland State Archives on (07) 3037 6630 or via the <u>Queensland Government (For Government) website</u>.

Revision history

Q	DAN	Date of approval	Extent of revision
Q	DAN737 v1	2 November 2016	Comprehensive Retention and Disposal Schedule
Q	DAN737 v2	3 February 2017	Addition of record class 4.2.1

Approved by State Archivist: Mike Summerell

Date: 2 February 2017

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1. COMMON ACTIVITIES

These activities are common across all mining-related functions and can be used to sentence or dispose of records that are classified under any miningrelated function. The records classes covered by these activities often have similar purposes and outcomes. They may have different processes but often create broadly similar records. Alternatively, there are record classes that have unique content or different disposal actions (which might otherwise be expected to be covered by a common activity) and these are covered by the relevant activity under mining-related functions (later in the schedule).

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
ADVICE		
clients and inc be upon reque action or judg See the <u>Gene</u>	associated with preparing and communicating advice providing information and guidance to the public as dustry members about matters within the scope of functional responsibility. Advice is often tailored to parti- est or as a proactive response to a perceived or known need for assistance. Includes offering opinions by ement. Include the process of advising. <u>eral retention and disposal schedule</u> (GRDS) for advice records relating to financial management matters, ties, general administrative matters and Crown law and legal advice.	icular circumstances and can or to the organisation as to an
1.1.1	Mining advice	10 years after business
	Records relating to the provision of mining-related advice where the advice is not related to a specific enforcement or monitoring action, or mining case file, e.g. licences, claims, and leases.	action completed.
	Mining advice includes, but is not limited to:	
	explosives (including fireworks) safety programs	
	mining regulatory programs	
	mining safety programs	
	petroleum and gas safety programs	
	employee health programs	
	occupational safety programs.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	advice correspondence	
	research notes, advice notices, fact sheets	
	 copies of policies, standards and procedures. 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
AGREEMENT	TS	1
documents for	associated with establishing, maintaining, reviewing and negotiating agreements. Includes agreements as r collaborative arrangements, partnerships, outputs, products and services. Includes memoranda of under signed documents and legal contracts.	
	<u>ral retention and disposal schedule</u> (GRDS) for records relating to the negotiation, establishment, mainte elating to financial management and agreements about the performance of public authority functions betw nent entities.	
1.2.1	Agreements – proceeded with	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to making agreements between mining and related industry players, e.g. setting up mining leasing or licensing processes, or with State as a vested party to fulfil regulatory requirements, e.g. safety compliance.	after business action completed.
	Includes establishing, negotiating, maintaining, approving, reviewing, facilitating agreement conferences, and overseeing agreement processes, or drawing up agreements.	
	Agreements include, but are not limited to:	
	 mining resources, including explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources 	
	 regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements relating to mining resources. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	unsealed contracts	
	variations	
	memorandum of understanding	
	consultation records.	
1.2.2	Agreements – not proceeded with	7 years after decision not to
	Records relating to making agreements between parties, where agreements were not proceeded with.	proceed.
	Includes withdrawn offers and proposed arrangements.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	draft contracts	
	draft memorandum of understanding	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	draft negotiation papers.	
APPOINTME	NTS	·
to statutory au	associated with nominating and appointing candidates to representative, authorised and legislated positio Ithorities, councils, boards of management, committees etc. Includes recruiting, nominating, selecting and Irms, conditions, powers, limitations and remuneration of appointments.	
appointed und	<u>ral retention and disposal schedule</u> (GRDS) for the appointment of Chief Executive Officers and Senior E ler the Public Service Act 2008 and delegations appointing departmental officers as representatives of the ne board and similar bodies.	
1.3.1	Safety and regulatory roles	10 years after appointment
	Records relating to appointing, terminating and varying appointments of, authorised officers with powers, functions, authorities and duties relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Roles include, but are not limited to:	ceases.
	inspectors	
	government magazine managers	
	district representatives and land managers	
	chief inspectors and deputy chief inspectors	
	mining registrars and deputy mining registrars	
	 field officers and licensing issuing officers (for designated fossicking land) 	
	auditors (to examine royalty returns)	
	other authorised officers	
	other officers, e.g. Auditor General.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	appointment notices and instruments	
	qualifications and experience statements	
	records of termination or resignation.	
	See reference <u>4.1.1</u> for managing appointments (mandatory notifications) of notable mining positions, e.g. mining executives and site safety officers.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	See reference <u>4.7.1</u> for registering appointments of notable mining positions.	
AUDIT		
maintained in specified perio	associated with checking quality assurance and operational records in an official, systematic way to ensur accordance with agreed or legislation and standards and correctly record the events, processes and busin od. Includes compliance, financial, operational, recordkeeping, skills, system, and quality assurance audits ions for changes in policy and/or procedures as a result of an audit.	ness of the organisation in a
1.4.1	Audit – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
1	Records relating to auditing organisations and individuals to monitor regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, and geothermal resources under relevant legislation, where significant recommendations and findings were made.	after business action completed.
	Significant audits may relate to, but are not limited to:	
	health and safety related provisions	
	safety and health management systems	
	 mining operations, mine records and recordkeeping systems 	
	mining company records	
	 mining financial returns and statements for the payment of royalties and rent 	
	mining lease, authority, licence, permits holders.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	audit reports	
	audit papers	
	recommendations and findings.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
1.4.2	Audit – other~	10 years after business
	Records relating to auditing organisations and individuals to monitor regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas,	action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	geothermal and other mining resources under relevant legislation, where other recommendations and findings were made.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	audit reports	
	audit papers	
	recommendations and findings.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
CLAIMS MAN	AGEMENT	
damage to or compensable	associated with administering and managing payments sought as compensation for injury, death or denia destruction of property, resumption of land or property, or for any actions of government employees where claim. Includes disputes over rights and ownership, and recompense sought for stolen or lost property. In f inspectorate powers. Includes recovery of compliance costs incurred by the Department.	e those actions result in a
1.5.1	Compensation – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
1.5.1	Compensation – significant * Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
1.5.1	Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining	after business action
1.5.1	Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	after business action
1.5.1	Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Includes referral of claims to Land Court, Land Appeals Court and similar courts and tribunals.	after business action
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1.5.1	Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Includes referral of claims to Land Court, Land Appeals Court and similar courts and tribunals. Significant compensation claims may include, but are not limited to: • damage, injury or loss from mining and explosives (including fireworks) incidents	after business action
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1.5.1	 Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Includes referral of claims to Land Court, Land Appeals Court and similar courts and tribunals. Significant compensation claims may include, but are not limited to: damage, injury or loss from mining and explosives (including fireworks) incidents deprivation and severance of land diminution of land value and use surface rights of land access 	after business action
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1.5.1	Records relating to assessing significant compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Includes referral of claims to Land Court, Land Appeals Court and similar courts and tribunals. Significant compensation claims may include, but are not limited to: damage, injury or loss from mining and explosives (including fireworks) incidents deprivation and severance of land diminution of land value and use surface rights of land access are paid and unpaid relating to enduring rights and entitlements, e.g. mining resource rights set a precedent.	after business action

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	claim approvals, advice payments.	
	See <u>1.13.1</u> for records relating to licensing mining claims	
	See <u>3.1.1</u> for records relating to compensation claims for significant damage or loss from mining- related activities, e.g. subsidence of abandoned mines, native title related claims and indigenous land claims.	
1.5.2	Compensation – other~	13 years after claim
	Records relating to assessing other compensation claims from landowners and licence holders for events, including claims for loss or damage from exercise of inspectorate powers, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	determined.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	compensation claim applications/requests	
	explosives information and damage notifications	
	claim approvals, advice payments.	
	See <u>1.13.1</u> for records relating to licensing mining claims	
	See <u>3.1.1</u> for records relating to compensation claims for significant damage or loss from mining related activities, e.g. subsidence of abandoned mines, native title related claims and indigenous land claims.	
1.5.3	Recovery of monies incurred by State	13 years after claim
	Records relating to recovering monies from licence holders for fees, costs, losses, interest and expenses incurred by the State (the Department) relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	determined.
	Includes applying costs to security monies to recover money and filing recovery orders in Magistrates Court.	
	Recovering of costs includes, but is not limited to:	
	 incidents and situations involving explosives 	
	rehabilitation of damaged areas	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	removal and disposal of property	
	unpaid fees and court orders	
	court awarded costs	
	other instances of regulatory non-compliance.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	recovery claim notifications	
	claim investigations	
	court orders.	
COMPLAINTS The activities 1.6.1	associated with handling complaints and working towards informal and voluntary resolution and conciliation Complaint resolution – significant *	on of complaints. Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to handling and conciliating significant cases of complaints relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	after business action completed.
	Includes mediating complaints, escalating complaints for further investigation and referring complaints to tribunal or court hearings.	
	Significant complaints may include, but are not limited to:	
	 those that generate significant interest and/or controversy 	
	 those that may lead to a change in policies, procedures and legislation 	
	handling, transportation or storage of mining products, materials and hazardous substances	
	environmental damage	
	water contamination	
	air and noise pollution	
	public road access and use	
	particular organisations or persons	
	 unethical or illegal behaviour of tenement holders 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	incidents.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	complaints	
	complaint investigations	
	complaint resolution reports.	
1.6.2	Complaint resolution – other~	13 years after case
	Records relating to handling and conciliating other cases of complaints relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	resolved.
	Includes complaints of a routine nature.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	complaints	
	complaint investigations	
	complaint resolution reports.	
	associated with receiving or providing signed statements acknowledging details and conditions relating to f land areas as land designated for particular purposes, which may transcend changes to ownership. Incl	
1.7.1	Mining declarations	7 years after business action
	Records relating to making declarations relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	completed.
	Declarations include, but are not limited to:	

explosives as authorised or prohibited explosives

• testing and trialling of explosives as explosives trial approvals

places as government magazines

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Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	• mining safety and health criticalities and related products or materials, and their holding, treatment, consignment, export and disposal	
	 mining tenements and related areas, facilities, products or materials, and their holding, treatment, consignment, export and disposal 	
	 explosives, explosive products or materials, and their holding, treatment, consignment, export and disposal 	
	mines, mine operations and mining positions	
	 areas as prohibited areas to mining tenements or restricted areas and holdings 	
	land as mining districts	
	offshore areas as offshore safety zones	
	 pumping stations, tank stations and adjacent valve stations as terminal stations 	
	• land reserved against granting of permits, licences, authorities for mining exploration and access	
	fossicking areas	
	exclusions to declarations as made.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	notifications and signed approvals	
	declaration notices	
	gazette notices and public advertisements.	
DISPOSAL		·
	associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation, b , donation or destruction. Also includes arrangements for disposal of waste, as well as hazardous and rac manner.	
1.8.1	<i>Hazardous waste</i> Records relating to the disposal of hazardous waste of mines seized as evidence, forfeited, left over from mining and processing valued materials, exploratory and testing processes and other mining activities. Includes hazardous materials:	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 left on/beneath/adjacent to land at end of mining tenure by negligent licence holders, including during subsequent land restoration processes 	
	 discovered, created, unearthed etc. within mining tenures, facilities and operations by natural disasters and other emergencies 	
	 found on other impacted land/water but caused by or contributed to by mining tenures, e.g. land downwind, water downstream. 	
	Hazardous material includes, but is not limited to:	
	• Mine mineral waste, e.g. tailings dumps, culm dumps, slimes, tails, refuse, leach residue or slickens	
	• Mining overburdens (waste rock) and spoil tips (unprocessed overburdens) and tailing ponds, <i>e.g.</i> coal mining and oil sands tailing ponds	
	 Soil or water high in particular toxic compounds, substances, chemicals etc. from exposure to minerals or waste minerals, e.g. sulphate, suspended fine mining waste particles 	
	• Leftover materials from processing, smelting and separating valuable materials from waste mineral resources, e.g. slag	
	Liquids leached out of mines by earth disturbance, e.g. acids	
	• Mining hazardous substances or as by-product to mined substances, e.g. asbestos, lead	
	• Radiation through mining-related activities, e.g. radioactive dust and other hazardous materials released from use of exploration, mining and testing techniques (e.g. soil sampling and splitting, reverse circulation drilling, well logging, milling and processing of ores) and materials contained within tools (e.g. downhole tools, irradiating apparatus, portable and in-line X-Ray Fluorescence Analysers (XRF), X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) and XRF site laboratory tool-bin level gauges, slurry density gauges)	
	Records include but are not limited to:	
	 environmental assessments, forecasts and projections 	
	 hazardous material safety data, maps and plans 	
	 disposal authorisations, destruction orders, evidence seizure receipts. 	
	See references 2.1.1, 3.3.1, 4.3.1 and 5.1.1 for disposal of non-hazardous waste.	

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The activities associated with handling disagreements pertaining to particular areas and jurisdictions of responsibility in which an arbitrator (or other judicial representative) determines an outcome, which is enforceable but also appealable. Disputes involve perceived legal rights, legal wrongdoing, or threat of legal action against the parties, and can include awards, agreements, demarcation issues, breaches of injunctions, etc.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
1.9.1	 Final decisions Records relating to final decisions and summary reports of cases of dispute resolution, including disputes and objections, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and mining safety and health requirements under relevant legislation. Disputes include, but are not limited to: mining activities 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	 mining activities mining safety and health 	
	 explosives and fireworks overlapping authority, lease or licence holders (with rights over same land) 	
	 safety and hazard management responsibilities and practices between lease holders and petroleum and gas facility operators. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	final decisions	
	final reports	
	case summary reports.	
1.9.2	Cases	10 years after case
	Records relating to case histories and working papers of cases of dispute resolution, including disputes and objections, relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resources regulatory compliance, and mining safety and health requirements under relevant legislation.	resolved.
	Includes organising referrals of disputes to mediation or arbitration by other parties.	
	Disputes include, but are not limited to:	
	mining activities	
	mining safety and health	
	explosives and fireworks	
	 overlapping authority, lease or licence holders (with rights over same land) 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 safety and hazard management responsibilities and practices between lease holders and petroleum and gas facility operators. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	dispute complaints	
	dispute investigations	
	dispute resolution reports.	
	See reference <u>1.9.1</u> for records relating to final decisions and case summary reports.	

ENFORCEMENT

The activities associated with identifying regulatory compliance issues within area and scope of enforcement parameters, and issuing enforcement notices, including infringement notices, directives, orders, fines, penalties and exemptions.

See Inspections under Explosives and Fire Works Safety Regulation, Mining Regulation, Mining Safety and Health (Regulation) and Petroleum and Gas Safety Regulation for making official examinations to check compliance and identify standard offences or breaches of legislation.

See <u>Investigations</u> for making authorised, often responsive assessments of accidents, incidents or allegations relating to infringements, breaches or offences.

See <u>Monitoring and Surveillance</u> for planning and undertaking compliance programs to monitoring the behaviour of licensees, entities and community members in general to identify enforcement actions required.

1.10.1	Regulatory enforcement Records relating to issuing enforcement-related directives and orders relating to explosives, minerals, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources regulatory compliance, and safety and health under relevant legislation.	10 years after business action completed.
	Enforcement includes, but is not limited to:	
	issuing orders and directives	
	erecting notices for bans or controls	
	granting exemptions to requirements	
	 issuing fines for breaches of legislation and licence/authority conditions 	
	 issuing penalties for breaches of inspectorate compliance directions 	
	seizing property as evidence or to inhibit unlawful activities	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 issuing penalties for breaches of conditions referring reports of designated accidents and incidents to investigating officers issuing notices, including provisional improvement, prohibition and information collection notices. Records may include, but are not limited to: check point and road closure information enforcement action orders, assessments and reports maps and photographs. 	
1.10.2	Official notebooks – daily logs of activities (enforcement, monitoring and surveillance, investigations, inspections) Records relating to maintaining daily logs of activities by individual officers with supporting evidence, notes, drawings, diagrams and other information to inform offence identification, case building and prosecution of offences relating to mining regulation, mining safety and health, petroleum and gas safety and explosives and fireworks safety.	Until all evidentiary information is copied/ scanned and referenced to relevant files and case files, then 10 years after business action completed.
	 Includes daily notes about enforcement, monitoring and surveillance, investigations and inspection activities with site visits, field work, travelling operations and mobile offices. Records include: diaries notebooks/duty books log books field notepads. 	
-	ID EMERGENCY RESPONSES associated with responding to incidents and emergencies, including disease outbreaks.	
1.11.1	Incident and emergency responses – significant* Records relating to managing significant incidents, emergencies and natural disasters involving explosives, minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other mining resource industries, industry participants, workers and players. Significant incident and emergency responses may relate to, but are not limited to:	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	where human fatalities have occurred	
	 where permanent incapacities have occurred from serious accidents 	
	potential transmission of fatal illnesses	
	 exposure to terminal or suspected substances with terminal or serious health risks – known or suspected substances may include but are not limited to asbestos, coal dust, DDT, lead, nuclear radiation 	
	• explosives incidents. (Natural disasters include bushfires and floods.)	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	incident notifications	
	duration and post-incident reports	
	 community advice notices, advertisements and publications. 	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other.	
1.11.2	Incident and emergency responses – other~	7 years after business action
	Records relating to managing other incidents, emergencies and natural disasters not covered by reference <u>1.11.1</u> .	completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	incident notifications	
	duration and post-incident reports	
	community advice notices, advertisements and publications.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other.	

INVESTIGATIONS

The activities associated with making authorised assessments of accidents, incidents or allegations related to infringements of any legislation, standard, code, business or workplace policy, which may, or may not, lead to further formal action. Includes reports prepared by persons undertaking investigations.

See <u>Enforcement</u> for activities associated with identifying regulatory compliance issues within area and scope of enforcement parameters, and issuing enforcement notices, including infringement notices, directives, orders, fines, penalties and exemptions.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	ns under <u>Explosives and Fire Works Safety Regulation</u> , <u>Mining Regulation</u> , <u>Mining Safety and Health (Re</u> egulation for making official examinations to check compliance and identify standard offences or breaches	
	nent retention and disposal schedule, QDAN (to be issued), for storing transporting, distributing and using sociated activities including construction and maintenance of dams, including hazardous waste dams.	water and waste water in
1.12.1	Investigations – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to investigating significant events, accidents and incidents, and safety or health matters and offences, associated with explosives, minerals, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources including but not limited to:	after business action completed.
	 mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using mining resources. 	
	Significant investigations may relate to, but are not limited to:	
	where human fatalities have occurred	
	serious accidents	
	high potential accidents and incidents	
	extreme safety or health matters and offences	
	dangerous and post-emergency situations	
	occupational diseases	
	 work-related exposures to hazardous substances 	
	 wide-spread, systemic failures of safety and health management systems. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	investigation reports	
	interview transcripts	
	warrants.	
	See Environment retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for storing transporting, distributing and using water and waste water in mining and associated activities including construction and maintenance of dams, including hazardous waste dams.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
1.12.2	 Investigations – other~ Records relating to investigating other events, accidents, and incidents, and safety or health matters and offences, associated with explosives, minerals, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources not covered by reference <u>1.12.1</u>. Records may include, but are not limited to: investigation reports interview transcripts warrants. See Environment retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for storing transporting, distributing and using water and waste water in mining and associated activities including construction and maintenance of dams, including hazardous waste dams. Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other 	10 years after business action completed.

LICENSING

The activities associated with granting or denying licensing instruments giving authority to undertake particular actions or occupations in line with the authority of the licensing instrument, and bestow special rights of ownership, financial responsibility and/or environmental accountability and other terms and conditions with the licence. Includes permits to own or use something or carry out particular actions. Includes but is not limited to licences, permits, leases, certifications, exemptions, clearances, claims, charges, benefits, interests, etc.

See Environment retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for authorisation of mining-related dams under environmental resource authorities. The mining case file may contain incidental records about dams in the context of mining activities such as inspections.

See Water retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for regulation of referable dams.

1	.13.1	Resource rights – minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources Records relating to approving and issuing resource rights, including authorities, leases, claims,	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.	
		licences and permits, associated with minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources.		
		Includes applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations terminations e.g. resuming leases, revoking resumptions, imposing provisions, reservations or conditions, handling indigenous land use and other native title related issues, approving associated operational works and works programs and commercial and independent mine viability assessments.		

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Resource rights include, but are not limited to:	
	mining claims (MC)	
	 mining leases – minerals, coal or oil shale (ML) 	
	offshore mineral leases	
	mineral development licences (MDL)	
	special mineral leases (SML)	
	prospecting permits	
	exploration permits (EP)	
	survey licences	
	special purpose consent licences	
	petroleum leases	
	facility licences	
	wells, bores, pipeline licences	
	 exploring, extracting and other activities in mines and quarries 	
	authorities to prospect (ATP) for petroleum	
	data acquisition and water monitoring authorities	
	greenhouse gas (GHG) authorities	
	 greenhouse gas tenures (GHG) – overlapping. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices.	
	See reference <u>2.3.1</u> for licensing explosives.	
	See reference <u>3.5.1</u> for licensing fossicking minerals and related activities, e.g. camping.	
	See reference <u>4.5.1</u> for licensing mining safety and health activities including work authorisations.	
	See reference <u>5.3.1</u> for licensing petroleum and gas activities and work authorisations, including occupational licences, e.g. gas work.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
1.13.2	Unsuccessful and withdrawn applications – resource rights – minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	Records relating to unsuccessful and withdrawn applications for resource rights, including authorities, leases, claims, licences and permits, associated with minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources. Includes refusals.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	 applications (unsuccessful and withdrawn) 	
	assessments	
	information notices.	
	See reference 2.3.2 for applications not proceeded with for licensing explosives.	
	See reference <u>3.5.2</u> for applications not proceeded with for licensing fossicking minerals and related activities e.g. camping.	
	See reference $4.5.2$ for applications not proceeded with for licensing mining safety and health activities including work authorisations.	
	See reference <u>5.3.3</u> for applications not proceeded with for licensing petroleum and gas activities and work authorisations, including occupational licences, e.g. gas work.	
MONITORING	AND SURVEILLANCE	1
communities a resources ens	associated with planning compliance programs and conducting regular surveillance of resources, environ and observing activities covered by legal, regulatory or quality standards which the Department administer uring they are used responsibly. Includes maintaining checks and on-the-spot inspections and combined psure transparent overview of community compliance status. Includes monitoring particular persons, entit	rs. Includes safeguarding with other enforcement

activities, to ensure transparent overview of community compliance status. Includes monitoring particular persons, entities or parties to reduce or eliminate their impact and identify offences against the legislation.

1.14	4.1	<i>Monitoring licence holders</i> Records relating to developing, implementing and maintaining compliance programs for, and monitoring and administering compliance of, industry, businesses and individuals to regulatory requirements, licensees with licence conditions, and the community in general.	10 years after business action completed.
		Monitoring and surveillance includes, but is not limited to:	
		 mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and resources 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 explosives, minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	abandoned mines	
	 water and waste water in dams and other containments. Note: specific compliance action under environmental authorities referred to administering authority. See Environment retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued). 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	compliance monitoring programs and schedules	
	enforcement data and analysis	
	area maps and photographs.	
	See references $4.6.1$ and $4.6.2$ for monitoring the health of mine workers in the interests of mining safety and health.	
responsibilitie other organis	associated with managing joint collaborations for agreed outcomes in areas of joint interest or responsibili es, agreements, joint contribution of funds and/or time. Includes operations between departments, either wa ations, or with the government. Also includes private sector ventures with public sector organisations, and r-departmental units, departments or organisations.	ithin the organisation or with
1.15.1	Partnerships – significant* Records relating to managing significant joint operations by the State, with contracts, joint contribution of funds, time, co-research or collaboration arrangements or agreements, made with other organisations (private sector and government). Partnerships may include, but are not limited to:	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	- regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minorple, appl, oil, petroloum, goo, water	
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources	
	 greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	performance reports	
	funding proposals	
	consultation records.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
1.15.2	Partnerships – other~	7 years after partnership
	Records relating to managing other joint operations by the State with other organisations (private sector and government) not covered by reference <u>1.15.1</u> .	expires.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	partnership agreements	
	performance reports	
	funding proposals	
	consultation records.	
	*~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
goals. Involve	associated with making decisions about future directions, actions and goals to be achieved, and organisir s the creation and maintenance of planning documents, i.e. plans. Includes formulating ways in which obj rmination of services, needs and solutions to those needs.	
1.16.1	Planning – significant*	_
	Records relating to planning significant management initiatives, programs, strategies, priorities and activities for improved community and safety outcomes, and business activities, including planning consultation processes with community and key stakeholders.	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	Planning may include, but is not limited to:	
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources. 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	plans and strategies	
	planning reports	
	 implementation programs and schedules 	
	consultation records.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
1.16.2	Planning – other~	10 years after business
	Records relating to planning other management initiatives, programs, strategies, priorities and activities for improved community and safety outcomes, and business activities, including planning consultation processes with community and key stakeholders, not covered by reference <u>1.16.1</u> .	action completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	plans and strategies	
	planning reports	
	 implementation programs and schedules 	
	consultation records.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
PROSECUTIO	N	
on recommen	associated with pursuing a legal course of action against a person/s alleged to have committed a crime of dations of authorised investigating officers, prosecuting defendants by legal counsel for the Department, i er such matters. Includes overseeing appeals of prosecutions. Includes case appeals of prosecuted matte	n front of relevant Court with
1.17.1	Prosecution – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to prosecuting significant offences, and precedent setting cases, under relevant legislation.	after business action completed.
	Prosecutions may include, but are not limited to:	
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	• safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	case papers and legal notes	
	evidence exhibits	
	court transcripts.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
1.17.2	Prosecution – other~	10 years after business
	Records relating to prosecuting other offences under relevant legislation not covered by reference <u>1.17.1</u> .	action completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	case papers and legal notes	
	evidence exhibits	
	court transcripts.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
REGISTRATI	ON	
instruments in control, unique	associated with receiving, processing, granting and refusing applications for registration of objects, people electronic and/or physical registers for particular purposes as required by business and legislation. Include e identification and public search requirements. Includes registering licence holders, maps, licence areas, ases and outcomes.	des purposes of process
1.18.1	Investigations and prosecutions register	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to keeping registers of investigations and prosecutions and results of investigating and prosecuting offences under relevant legislation.	after business action completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	

register entries.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
1.18.2	 Resources rights registers Records relating to registering resources rights, including applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, terminations, under relevant legislation. Resources rights include, but are not limited to: mining leases, claims, licences, authorities and permits for minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources authorities for mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources fossicking areas, licences and permits safety and health requirements. Records may include, but are not limited to: register entries. 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
1.18.3	 See reference <u>2.4.1</u> Registers – Explosives Registers. Service registers – training, safety, laboratory, accreditation, consulting, etc. Records relating to registering service provision of training, certification, calibration and accreditation services, conducted by the department's registered training organisations (RTO) and other accredited service groups. Groups include SIMTARS – Safety in Mining Training and Research Services (and similar). Registrations include information about: client data service jobs and analysis status of trained individuals and organisations, i.e. assessment competencies and accreditations achieved testing, certification and calibration of equipment laboratory and research services safety training occupational hygiene and working environments health and safety mining consultation and mine safety technology. 	30 years from end date of job.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records may include, but not limited to:	
	register entries	
	certificates	
	statements of attainment.	

The activities associated with investigating or enquiring into a subject or area of interest and working creatively in a systematic way to increase and use knowledge to devise new applications, establish or confirm facts, reaffirm results of previous work, expand past work done in the field, solve new or existing problems, support theorems, develop new theories, test the validity of instruments, procedures, or experiments. Includes research and development (R&D). Includes research of better research methods and systems. Includes scientific, humanities, artistic, economic, social, business, practitioner research, etc. Includes supporting development of projects, standards, guidelines etc., and the business activities of the organisation in general. Includes following up enquiries relating to organisational research programs, projects, working papers, literature searches etc.

1.19.1	Research – significant* Records relating to researching and enquiring into significant research areas to discover facts, theories and principles to support improved industry outcomes and business activities. Research may include, but is not limited to:	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, 	
	greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources	
	safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources 	
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	research reports and publications	
	original data	
	findings and observations.	
	* Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
1.19.2	 Research – other~ Records relating to researching and enquiring into other research areas relating to mining industry management activities not covered by reference <u>1.19.1</u>. Records may include, but are not limited to: research reports and publications original data findings and observations. <i>Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other</i> 	10 years after business action completed.
The activities or organisms.	D IDENTIFICATION associated with sampling, testing and diagnostic activities designed to confirm or exclude the presence Includes testing, checking, measuring and calibrating instruments to correct standards. Includes laboral specimens; processing, transportation and storage.	
1.20.1	 Testing and identification – significant* Records relating to sampling, testing and diagnosing to confirm or exclude presence of known or suspected substances in test materials, where research or test results are significant. Testing may relate to, but is not limited to: regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources abandoned mines other subjects relating to mining relevant to the State and state priorities. Records may include, but are not limited to: test reports and publications field station data and reports sample registers. 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	* Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	
1.20.2	Testing and identification – other~ Records relating to sampling, testing and diagnosing to confirm or exclude presence of known or substances in test materials, where research or test results have other importance, and where testing is not covered by reference 1.20.1. Records may include, but are not limited to: • test reports and publications • field station data and reports • sample registers. ~ Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	10 years after business action completed.
1.20.3	 Test results collated into research and test reports Records relating to sampling, testing and diagnosing to confirm or exclude presence of known or suspected substances in test materials, where research or test results have been previously collated or duplicated into research and test reports. Records may include, but are not limited to: test reports and publications field station data and reports sample registers. 	Until reference ceases.
aspects of tra	associated with training and developing skills, knowledge and resourcefulness of community clients and ining and development internally and externally. Includes training courses, coaching, mentoring program I strategies designed to actively engage individuals in learning experiences in order to improve their know	ns, job shadowing and other
1.21.1	 Master curricular for formal qualifications (National Framework) Records relating to master curricular for training qualifications for national training frameworks for including, but not limited to: regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources. 	
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	master curricular.	
	See reference <u>1.21.3</u> for records relating to the development of master curricular.	
1.21.2	Master curricular not linked to formal qualifications	10 years after curricular
	Records relating to master curricular for training courses not formally linked to national training frameworks, and training courses to develop management skills and knowledge in staff and clients (internally and externally), e.g. investigations and prosecutions training, for including but not limited to:	superseded.
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	• safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources 	
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	master curricular.	
1.21.3	Master curricular development material	7 years after business action
	Records relating to developing and reviewing master curricular for training qualifications and to develop management skills and knowledge in staff and clients (internally and externally), e.g. investigations and prosecutions training, for including but not limited to:	completed.
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	• safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	curricular workings	
	training programs	
	training proposals and reports.	
	See reference <u>1.21.1</u> for records relating to master curricular for nationally accredited courses.	
	See reference <u>1.21.2</u> for records relating to master curricular for other training courses.	
1.21.4	Training course guides, presentations, assessment and supporting materials	7 years after training course
	Records relating to developing, delivering and assessing training courses for training qualifications for national training frameworks and to develop management skills and knowledge in staff and clients (internally and externally), e.g. investigations and prosecutions training, for including but not limited to:	superseded.
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	• safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources 	
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	training course outlines and content	
	training course brochures and invitations	
	training schedules and presentations.	
	See reference <u>1.18.3</u> Registration for registering training outcomes, statements of attainment, certifications, accreditations etc.	
1.21.5	Skills development support programs, materials and resources	7 years after business action
	Records relating to developing, delivering and assessing skills development support programs and management training such as coaching, mentoring, job shadowing and other programs, strategies, learning experiences, for staff and clients (internally and externally), for including but not limited to:	completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 regulation and regulatory compliance relating to minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources 	
	• safety and health requirements relating to mining, petroleum and gas, explosives and fireworks	
	 activities such as mining, importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, distributing and using explosives and mining resources 	
	 other subjects relating to mining relevant to the state and state priorities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	mentoring program outlines	
	participant registrations	
	 training needs analyses, job profiles and skill assessments. 	

2. EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS SAFETY

The function of ensuring the safety of the community from the hazards of explosives and related materials. Includes the establishment of standards for the safe handling and use of explosives and the authorisation of licences and permits for the production, storage, distribution and use of explosives and related materials. Also includes the monitoring of explosives activities to ensure compliance with standards, the effective response to explosives accidents and incidents, and the administration of government reserves for the storage and distribution of explosives.

Use MINING REGULATION for regulating the mining industry, including licensing and authorising mining tenures, operations, and facilities, etc. that mine bulk explosives materials.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation, l n, donation or destruction. Also includes arrangements for disposal of waste, as well as hazardous and rac nner.	-
2.1.1	 Property, products and waste Records relating to disposing of property, products and waste seized under enforcement, inspection and investigation activities under relevant legislation. Disposal includes, but is not limited to: explosives and fireworks seized and forfeited evidence and property waste, excluding hazardous waste. Records may include, but are not limited to: disposal authorisations destruction orders evidence seizure receipts. 	10 years after business action completed.

INSPECTIONS

The activities associated with making official examinations of facilities, equipment and items, to ensure compliance with agreed standards and objectives relating to functions or legislative requirements. Often involves pre-set criteria, factors or checklists against which the inspection is made, and identifies standard offences or breaches of legislation which can be handled mostly via enforcement notices.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	<u>ations</u> for incident-responsive assessments of offences or breaches of legislation requiring intensive invest and which often require escalation to prosecution for outcomes.	tigation or not explored fully by
2.2.1	Explosives facilities and businesses – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	Records relating to conducting inspections to assess regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements that have identified issues of significance or where significant findings and recommendations were made.	
	Inspections may relate to, but are not limited to:	
	explosives	
	explosives facilities:	
	 importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, using explosives, e.g. ports, factories, storage facilities, fireworks displays 	
	 mines, mining workplaces, facilities and businesses importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting, using explosives, e.g. rock blasting, undercutting. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
2.2.2	Explosives facilities and businesses – other~	10 years after business action completed.
	Records relating to conducting other inspections to assess regulatory compliance, and safety and health requirements, not covered by reference $2.2.1$.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
LICENSING		

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
authority of th and conditior	associated with granting or denying licensing instruments giving authority to undertake particular actions ne licensing instrument, and bestow special rights of ownership, financial responsibility and/or environments with the licence. Includes permits to own or use something or carry out particular actions. Includes but cations, exemptions, clearances, claims, charges, benefits, interests, etc.	ntal accountability and other terms
2.3.1	Rights – explosives	7 years after licence, authority or permit ceased/expired.
	Records relating to approving and issuing licences, authorities and permits for explosives (including fireworks) and associated activities under relevant legislation.	
	Includes applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, imposing provisions, reservations or conditions, conducting suitability checks, tests and examinations to prove eligibility or competency.	
	Granted rights include, but are not limited to:	
	explosives (including fireworks)	
	explosive trial approvals	
	• authorised activities, e.g. import, export, store, manufacture, sell, transport and use explosives	
	explosives occupations, e.g. shot-firer, fireworks contractors, fireworks operators	
	approved collectors associations	
	storage facilities and areas	
	 material changes to storage facilities and areas 	
	fireworks displays	
	using explosives (including fireworks)	
	transferring ownership of explosives	
	 storing explosives at government magazines. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices	
	consultation records.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
2.3.2	Unsuccessful and withdrawn applications – rights – explosives	2 years after licence/permit
	Records relating to unsuccessful and withdrawn applications for explosives (including fireworks) related licences and permits.	refused/withdrawn.
	Includes refusing licences.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (unsuccessful and withdrawn)	
	assessments	
	information notices.	
instruments in	associated with receiving, processing, granting and refusing applications for registration of objects, pe n electronic and/or physical registers for particular purposes as required by business and legislation. Ir ication and public search requirements. Includes registering licence holders, maps, licence areas, and	cludes purposes of process contro

2.4.1	Explosives registers	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action
	Records relating to registering explosives (including fireworks).	
	Includes registration of approved applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, cancellations, and termination of approved register entries.	completed.
	Explosives include, but are not limited to:	
	authorised explosives	
	classified explosives	
	UN model regulations	
	 approved explosives classifications (to classify, change, declassify or prohibit explosives) 	
	fireworks.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	register entries.	
	See reference <u>1.18</u> Registers.	
		1

3. MINING REGULATION

The function of facilitating exploration, innovation and sustainable development of the State's mineral, petroleum and extractive resources. Includes the provision of strategic direction to, and the promotion of, the exploration, mining and petroleum industries in the State. Also includes the authorisation and ongoing monitoring of the tenures that entitle mineral and petroleum exploration and production, the administration and collection of mineral and petroleum rents and royalties, and the identification and mapping of key mineral, petroleum and extractive resource areas.

Use <u>MINING SAFETY & HEALTH</u> for activities relating to establishing and monitoring acceptable safety and health standards within the mining and quarrying industries.

Use PETROLEUM AND GAS SAFETY for activities relating to establishing and monitoring acceptable safety and health standards within the petroleum and gas industries.

Use EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS SAFETY for activities relating to establishing and monitoring acceptable safety and health standards for the safe handling and use of explosives, including fireworks.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
CLAIMS MAN	AGEMENT	
or destruction claim. Includes	associated with administering and managing payments sought as compensation for injury, death or denial of property, resumption of land or property, or for any actions of government employees where those actions s disputes over rights and ownership, and recompense sought for stolen or lost property. Includes claims is owers. Includes recovery of compliance costs incurred by the Department.	ons result in a compensable
3.1.1	Compensation	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to assessing compensation claims for damage or loss from mining-related activities.	after business action
	Includes assessing compensation claims, confirming and determining source of damage, loss or resumption, determining options, works and payments required, stabilise land, repair damage or purchase affected land (as compensation), paying claimant restoration costs or requisite compensation value and handling requests to register or remove state-funded guarantees for land on freehold land register.	completed.
	Compensation includes, but is not limited to:	
	 subsidence of abandoned mines at Collingwood Park, and other locations 	
	 extinguishment of rights by native title rights and leases by the resumption of leases for native title rights and the granting of indigenous settlement and use leases, by the State under relevant legislation. 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	compensation claim applications/requests	
	land plans and damage notifications	
	claim approvals, advice payments	
	consultation records.	
	See reference <u>1.5.2</u> for records relating to other compensation claims.	
	ENT associated with encouraging development initiatives, often across various industries. Includes strategic cular industries and the growth of the Queensland economy as a whole. Includes receiving, assessing, o	
otherwise) de	velopment applications of proposed development projects.	
3.2.1	Development – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action
	Records relating to planning and implementing significant mining industry development initiatives designed to support the mining sector, and assist its growth.	completed.
	Development initiatives may include, but are not limited to:	
	business opportunities	
	 background and investigative research 	
	 information gathering of economic and environmental conditions 	
	 consultation processes with community and key stakeholders 	
	 indigenous land use developments and related issues 	
	 native title related developments and related issues. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	development plans	
	construction and as-built plans	
	consultation records.	
	See reference <u>3.2.3</u> for Development approvals.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
3.2.2	Development – other~ Records relating to planning and implementing other mining industry development initiatives designed to support the mining sector and assist its growth not covered by reference 3.2.1. Development initiatives may include, but are not limited to: • business opportunities • background and investigative research • information gathering of economic and environmental conditions • consultation processes with community and key stakeholders. Records may include, but are not limited to: • development plans • implementation plans • work schedules • consultation records. See reference 3.2.3 for Development Approvals. ~ Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	10 years after business action completed.
3.2.3	 Development approvals Records relating to processing applications for mining development approvals. Development approvals include, but is not limited to: mines and quarries indigenous land use native title local council operations and infrastructure refused or unapproved development applications, including lapsed and withdrawn. Records may include, but are not limited to: development applications environmental impact studies 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	feasibility studies	
	site investigation reports	
	consultation records.	
	* Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	
DISPOSAL		
	associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation, k n, donation or destruction. Also includes arrangements for disposal of waste, as well as hazardous and rac nner.	
3.3.1	Property, products and waste	10 years after business action
	Records relating to disposing of property, products and waste seized under enforcement, inspection and investigation activities under relevant legislation.	completed.
	Includes assessing claims for plant, materials and property, including stored minerals, petroleum and gas left behind after termination of mining tenements.	
	Disposal includes, but is not limited to:	
	plant and property	
	minerals, petroleum and gas	
	seized and forfeited evidence and property	
	 waste, excluding hazardous waste. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	

INSPECTIONS

The activities associated with making official examinations of facilities, equipment and items, to ensure compliance with agreed standards and objectives relating to functions or legislative requirements. Often involves pre-set criteria, factors or checklists against which the inspection is made, and identifies standard offences or breaches of legislation, which can be handled mostly via enforcement notices.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	tions for incident-responsive assessments of offences or breaches of legislation requiring intensive investi nd which often require escalation to prosecution for outcomes.	igation or not explored fully by
resource auth	nent retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for records related to inspecting mining-related orities. Note: Records created about dams in the context of mining activities are kept with mining case file s about mining-related dams regulated by other administrative authorities, e.g. environment, water.	
3.4.1	Inspections – significant* Records relating to conducting significant inspections to assess regulatory compliance under relevant	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action
	legislation of resource authorities and conditions of related land tenements and tenures, resources and rights in the form of leases, claims, authorities, licences, permits and other resource authorities for various resources of minerals, petroleum and gas, water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources for extracting, storing, processing, distributing, supplying, etc.	completed.
	Includes inspections records contained in permanent mining resource rights case files, including those normally considered routine and minor.	
	Significant inspections may relate to, but are not limited to:	
	 land considerations, e.g. mine areas, boundaries, access, surveys 	
	 mine production, e.g. production lodgements, royalty returns 	
	• water use and outputs, e.g. access, quality.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other See <u>MINING SAFETY AND HEALTH</u> for safety and health-related inspections of mines, mining workplaces, facilities and businesses to assess safety and health compliance. See <u>PETROLEUM AND</u> <u>GAS SAFETY</u> for safety and health-related inspections of petroleum and gas workplaces, facilities and businesses to assess safety and health compliance.	
3.4.2	Inspections – other~	25 years after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records relating to conducting other inspections to assess regulatory compliance under relevant legislation of resource authorities and conditions of related land tenements and tenures, resources and rights, not covered by reference 3.4.1.	
	Includes inspections normally considered routine and minor in nature.	
	Excludes inspections contained within, and in context, in permanent mining resource rights case files.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
and condition	ne licensing instrument, and bestow special rights of ownership, financial responsibility and/or environment is with the licence. Includes permits to own or use something or carry out particular actions. Includes but is cations, exemptions, clearances, claims, charges, benefits, interests, etc.	
3.5.1	Resources rights – authorities, licences and permits	7 years after authority, licence
	Records relating to granting authorisation, as resource authorities, licences and permits to fossick for minerals under relevant legislation.	or permit granted.
	Includes applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, terminations.	
	Authorisations may include, but are not limited to:	
	 fossicking licences (including individuals, families, clubs, educational organisations, commercial tour operators) 	
	camping permits.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices	
	consultation records.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	See reference <u>1.13.1</u> for resource right authorisations for minerals, coal, oil, petroleum, gas water, greenhouse gas, geothermal and other resources.	
3.5.2	 Unsuccessful and withdrawn applications Records relating to unsuccessful and withdrawn applications for resource authorities, licences and permits to fossick for minerals and other mining resources under relevant legislation. Includes refusals. Records may include, but are not limited to: applications (unsuccessful and withdrawn) assessments information notices. 	7 years after authority, licence or permit refused/withdrawn.
	associated with analysing and representing spatial data in graphical form. Includes collecting spatial data s. Mapping can be specified further by district, region, site, map, sheet series name, project map etc.	, conducting field surveys and
3.6.1	 Mapping – significant* Records relating to inspecting and surveying sites, completing aerial, assessment and other surveys, and identifying areas to be preserved from mining, where maps have significant value, including maps of original and historical significance. Significant mapping may relate to, but is not limited to: mining and related geological purposes land and river areas, including wild river areas high preservation areas special floodplain management areas nominated waterways. Records may include, but are not limited to: aerial photographs and maps survey plans and land descriptions 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other See reference <u>3.5.1</u> for mine drawings and cadastral surveys submitted by applicants or holders of resources rights.	
3.6.2	 Mapping – other~ Records relating to inspecting and surveying sites, completing aerial, assessment and other surveys, and identifying areas to be preserved from mining, where maps have other values, including ongoing work. Records may include, but are not limited to: aerial photographs and maps survey plans and land descriptions property information reports. <i>Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other</i> 	Whilst current, then 7 years after business action completed.

4. MINING SAFETY AND HEALTH

The function of establishing and monitoring acceptable safety and health standards within the mining and quarrying industries. Includes the authorisation of certificates of competency for key safety and health management positions within mining operations, ongoing safety inspections of operating mines and the investigation of mining accidents and incidents. Also includes the provision of research, development, testing, certification and technology transfer services to improve safety and health in the mining and quarrying industries.

Includes managing abandoned mines for the safety of the community.

Use PETROLEUM AND GAS SAFETY for activities relating to establishing and monitoring acceptable safety standards within the petroleum and gas industries.

Use MINING REGULATION for regulating the mining industry, including licensing and authorising mining tenures, operations, facilities, infrastructure, e.g. pipelines, and mapping and monitoring resources and royalties.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
ACCREDITA	ΓΙΟΝ	
a certified me	associated with granting formal recognition that a person or organisation is certified as competent to ca asurement of an organisation's quality and performance. Accreditation usually has a safety and quality a ccredited organisations with appropriate quality management measures and procedures to ensure safety	spect, i.e. organisations are
4.1.1	Organisations and individuals	80 years after date of birth
	Records relating to assessing organisations and individuals for accreditation and certification as competent to fulfil roles in the mining industry, under relevant legislation.	(individuals) or date of lapse/expiry of accreditation
	Certifying and accrediting organisations include, but are not limited to:	(organisations).
	mines safety and health service providers	
	mines rescue services organisations.	
	Certifying and accrediting individuals include, but are not limited to:	
	1st class mine manager (coal or metal)	
	2nd class mine manager, deputy	
	open cut examiner	
	site senior executive	
	safety and health officer positions.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigge
	accreditation applications and certificates	
	information notices and approval conditions	
	periodic accreditation reports	
	 assessments and approvals done by the Board of Examiners (or similar bodies) 	
	 applications, renewals, changes, suspensions, cancellation and terminations 	
	 conducting examinations, assessing individual competencies and awarding qualifications or certifications. 	
	associated with creating, maintaining and evaluating control mechanisms over the business processes of	
The activities functions. Incl	ludes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, ir	ndexes and registers.
The activities	ludes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, ir Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments (licences, accreditations, authorisations, permits, permissions, etc.) and under legislative provisions for	
The activities functions. Incl	ludes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, ir Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments	ndexes and registers. 10 years after business
The activities functions. Incl	 Iudes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, in Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments (licences, accreditations, authorisations, permits, permissions, etc.) and under legislative provisions for Department to fund and conduct its safety and health management functions and processes. Includes incidental compilation of statistics and other information from census, returns and notifications about mining industry production, disposal, sales, employment, attendance and 	ndexes and registers. 10 years after business
The activities functions. Incl	 Iudes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, in Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments (licences, accreditations, authorisations, permits, permissions, etc.) and under legislative provisions for Department to fund and conduct its safety and health management functions and processes. Includes incidental compilation of statistics and other information from census, returns and notifications about mining industry production, disposal, sales, employment, attendance and absenteeism for work at mines. 	ndexes and registers. 10 years after business
The activities functions. Incl	 Iudes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, in Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments (licences, accreditations, authorisations, permits, permissions, etc.) and under legislative provisions for Department to fund and conduct its safety and health management functions and processes. Includes incidental compilation of statistics and other information from census, returns and notifications about mining industry production, disposal, sales, employment, attendance and absenteeism for work at mines. Records may include, but are not limited to: 	ndexes and registers. 10 years after business
The activities functions. Incl	 Iudes procedural tools such as forms, data entry aids, metadata schemas, lists, dictionaries, catalogues, in Regulatory Requisites Records relating to processing regulatory requirements for relevant mining regulatory instruments (licences, accreditations, authorisations, permits, permissions, etc.) and under legislative provisions for Department to fund and conduct its safety and health management functions and processes. Includes incidental compilation of statistics and other information from census, returns and notifications about mining industry production, disposal, sales, employment, attendance and absenteeism for work at mines. Records may include, but are not limited to: completed census forms 	ndexes and registers. 10 years after business

DISPOSAL

The activities associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation, by sale, transfer, termination of lease, auction, donation or destruction. Also includes arrangements for disposal of waste, as well as hazardous and radioactive material, in a safe and approved manner.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
4.3.1	Property, products and waste	25 years after business
	Records relating to disposing of property, products and waste seized under enforcement, inspection and investigation activities under relevant legislation.	action completed.
	Includes assessing claims for plant, materials and property, including stored minerals left behind after termination of mining tenements.	
	Disposal includes, but is not limited to:	
	plant and property	
	minerals	
	seized and forfeited evidence and property	
	waste, excluding hazardous waste.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	disposal authorisations	
	destruction orders	
	evidence seizure receipts.	

INSPECTIONS

The activities associated with making official examinations of facilities, equipment and items, to ensure compliance with agreed standards and objectives relating to functions or legislative requirements. Often involves pre-set criteria, factors or checklists against which the inspection is made, and identifies standard offences or breaches of legislation, which can be handled mostly via enforcement notices.

See <u>Investigations</u> for incident-responsive assessments of offences or breaches of legislation requiring intensive investigation or not explored fully by inspections, and which often require escalation to prosecution for outcomes.

See Environment retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for inspecting mining-related dams under environment resource authorities.

4.4.1	<i>Mine inspections – significant*</i> Records relating to conducting inspections to assess mining safety and health regulatory compliance, and that have identified issues of significance or where significant findings and recommendations were made.	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
	Inspections may relate to, but are not limited to:	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 mines, mining workplaces, facilities and businesses, for minerals, water, geothermal and other resources as relevant, used for: 	
	 importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting resources and using resources including using mining explosives, e.g. mines, quarries, processing plants, dams, water and waste water facilities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	* Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	
	See reference <u>4.4.3</u> for records relating to inspections of mining industry service providers.	
4.4.2	Mine inspections – other~	10 years after business
	Records relating to conducting other inspections to assess mining safety and health regulatory compliance, and not covered by reference 4.4.1.	action completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	~ Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
	See reference <u>4.4.3</u> for records relating to inspections of mining industry service providers.	
4.4.3	Service providers – inspections	7 years after business action
	Records relating to conducting inspections to assess safety and health regulatory compliance for organisations providing services to mining industries in explosives, minerals, water, geothermal and other resources.	completed.
	Inspections include, but are not limited to:	
	mines rescue services	
	training organisations.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
LICENSING		
authority of the terms and cor	associated with granting or denying licensing instruments giving authority to undertake particular actions of e licensing instrument, and bestow special rights of ownership, financial responsibility and/or environment aditions with the licence. Includes permits to own or use something or carry out particular actions. Includes s, certifications, exemptions, clearances, claims, charges, benefits, interests, etc.	tal accountability and other
4.5.1	Rights – mining safety and health	7 years after licence/permit
	Records relating to granting licences and permits to undertake mining safety and health regulatory compliance under relevant legislation.	expired or ceased.
	Includes applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, terminations.	
	Mining rights include, but are not limited to:	
	work authorisations	
	equipment approvals	
	safety and health activities.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices	
	safety management plans and safety reports	
	other public interest submissions.	
4.5.2	Unsuccessful and withdrawn applications	2 years after licence/permit
	Records relating to unsuccessful and withdrawn applications to undertake mining safety and health regulatory compliance.	refused/withdrawn.
	Includes refusals.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Records include but are not limited to:	
	applications (unsuccessful and withdrawn)	
	assessments	
	information notices.	
MONITORING	G AND SURVEILLANCE	
communities a resources ens activities, to e	associated with planning compliance programs and conducting regular surveillance of resources, environ and observing activities covered by legal, regulatory or quality standards which the Department administer suring they are used responsibly. Includes maintaining checks and on-the-spot inspections and combined nsure transparent overview of community compliance status. Includes monitoring particular persons, entit r impact and identify offences against the legislation.	rs. Includes safeguarding with other enforcement
4.6.1	Health monitoring – mine workers – terminal or serious health issues or exposure	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to monitoring the health of mine workers, including coal miners, where workers have been:	after business action completed.
	 identified with terminal or serious health issues associated with work, or 	
	 sufficiently exposed to known or suspected substances with terminal or serious health risks – known or suspected substances may include but are not limited to asbestos, coal dust, DDT, lead, nuclear radiation. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	health assessments	
	medical records	
	 medical reports and radiological assessment records summarising findings and forming basis of decision about x-rays, films and images 	
	health examinations	
	 other records monitoring employment suitability and health risks exposure 	
	clinical health records	
	worker personal information and work history	
	 x-rays, films and images. 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	Note: CONFIDENTIAL – Health Assessment Records of Coal Miners are confidential and owned by the State (section 51 of Coal Mining Safety and Health Regulation).	
4.6.2	Health monitoring – mine workers – no health issues or exposure	80 years from date of birth.
	Records relating to monitoring the health of mine workers, including coal miners, where workers have:	
	 not been identified with terminal or serious health issues associated with work 	
	 not been sufficiently exposed to known or suspected substances with terminal or serious health risks – known or suspected substances may include but are not limited to asbestos, coal dust, DDT, lead, nuclear radiation. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	health assessments	
	medical records	
	health examinations	
	 medical reports and radiological assessment records summarising findings and forming basis of decision about x-rays, films and images 	
	other records monitoring employment suitability	
	other records monitoring health risks exposure	
	clinical health records	
	worker personal information and work history	
	• x-rays, films and images.	
	Note: CONFIDENTIAL – Health Assessment Records of Coal Miners are confidential and owned by the State (section 51 of Coal Mining Safety and Health Regulation).	

REGISTRATION

The activities associated with receiving, processing, granting and refusing applications for registration of objects, people, businesses, entities or legal instruments in electronic and/or physical registers for particular purposes as required by business and legislation. Includes purposes of process control, unique identification and public search requirements. Includes registering licence holders, maps, licence areas, and investigation and prosecution cases and outcomes.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
4.7.1	 Mining safety and health registers Records relating to registering mining safety and health related occupations, licencing of individuals and organisations. Includes notifications, changes, cancellations, and terminations. Registers include, but are not limited to: mining licences and sub-licences mining licence holders accredited persons and organisations mandatory notifications of mining appointments mining appointments such as senior executives and safety roles. Records may include, but are not limited to: register entries. 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.
4.7.2	 Safety and health risk management information registers – significant* Records relating to registering information relevant to significant mining safety and health risks management under relevant legislation. Includes applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, termination of register entries. Registrations include information about: mining risks and issues hazard information, guidelines and controls high potential incidents work-related illnesses and injuries, including lost time injuries current mine plans plans of abandoned mine shafts other information relevant to managing mining safety and health. Significant registers include, but are not limited to: work-related illnesses and injuries 	Permanent. Transfer to QSA after business action completed.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	 abandoned mine plans high impact incidents, including human loss of life and serious injury. Records may include, but are not limited to: register entries. * Refer to <u>Appendix</u>: Definition of Significant Versus Other 	
4.7.3	 Safety and health risk management information registers – other~* Records relating to registering other information relevant to mining safety and health risks management under relevant legislation, where not covered by reference <u>4.7.2</u>. Records include but are not limited to: register entries. <i>Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other</i> 	25 years after business action completed.

5. PETROLEUM AND GAS SAFETY

The function of establishing and monitoring acceptable safety standards within the petroleum and gas industries. Includes the authorisation of occupational licences and other approvals and exemptions, ongoing audits and routine inspections of petroleum and gas industry facilities and the investigation of accidents at petroleum and gas installations and in the community. Also includes the provision of advice to the government, community and industry on technical and safety issues.

Use <u>MINING SAFETY & HEALTH</u> for activities relating to establishing and monitoring acceptable safety standards within the mining and quarrying industries.

Use MINING REGULATION for regulating the mining industry, including licensing and authorising mining tenures, operations, facilities, infrastructure, e.g. pipelines, and mapping and monitoring resources and royalties.

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
DISPOSAL		
The activities a	associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation,	by sale, transfer, termination of

Ine activities associated with process of disposing of property or commodities no longer required by the organisation, by sale, transfer, termination of lease, auction, donation or destruction. Also includes arrangements for disposal of waste, as well as hazardous and radioactive material, in a safe and approved manner.

5.1.1	Property, products and waste	25 years after business action
	Records relating to disposing of property, products and waste seized under enforcement, inspection and investigation activities under relevant legislation.	completed.
	Includes assessing claims for plant, materials and property, including stored petroleum and gas left behind after termination of mining tenements.	
	Disposal includes, but is not limited to:	
	plant and property	
	petroleum and gas	
	seized and forfeited evidence and property	
	waste, excluding hazardous waste.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	disposal authorisations	
	destruction orders	
	evidence seizure receipts.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
INSPECTION	S	
objectives rela	associated with the making official examinations of facilities, equipment and items, to ensure compliance ating to functions or legislative requirements. Often involves pre-set criteria, factors or checklists against standard offences or breaches of legislation, which can be handled mostly via enforcement notices.	
See Investigations for incident-responsive assessments of offences or breaches of legislation requiring intensive investigation or not explored fur inspections, and which often require escalation to prosecution for outcomes.		stigation or not explored fully by
resource auth	nent retention and disposal schedule QDAN (to be issued) for records related to inspecting mining-relate porities. Note: Records created about dams in the context of mining activities are kept with mining case fi s about mining-related dams regulated by other administrative authorities, e.g. environment, water.	
5.2.1	Petroleum and gas workplaces, facilities and businesses – significant*	Permanent. Transfer to QSA
	Records relating to conducting inspections to assess safety and health regulatory requirements and that have identified issues of significance, or, where significant findings and recommendations were made.	after business action completed.
	Inspections relate to, but are not limited to:	
	 petroleum and gas drilling operations, workplaces, facilities and businesses, for petroleum, gas, greenhouse gas, and other resources as relevant, used for: 	
	 importing, exporting, manufacturing, selling, storing, transporting and using petroleum and gas-related resources, e.g. drilling rigs, processing plants, pipelines, dams, water and waste water storage facilities. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	* Refer to <u>Appendix</u> : Definition of Significant Versus Other	
5.2.2	Petroleum and gas workplaces, facilities and businesses – other~	10 years after business action
	Records relating to conducting other inspections to assess safety and health regulatory compliance and, not covered by reference $5.2.1$.	completed.
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	inspection notices	
	inspection assessments and reports	
	inspection notes.	
	~ Refer to Appendix: Definition of Significant Versus Other	
LICENSING		·
authority of th terms and cor	associated with granting or denying licensing instruments giving authority to undertake particular actions e licensing instrument, and bestow special rights of ownership, financial responsibility and/or environme nditions with the licence. Includes permits to own or use something or carry out particular actions. Includes es, certifications, exemptions, clearances, claims, charges, benefits, interests, etc.	ntal accountability and other
5.3.1	Licences and permits – petroleum and gas occupations/jobs	7 years after licence, authority
	Records relating to granting Type A petroleum and gas safety related occupational licences and permits to undertake petroleum and gas-related activities under relevant legislation.	or permit ceased/expired.
	Includes managing applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, terminations, imposing provisions, reservations or conditions, recognising interstate licences (mutual recognition) and issuing licences and identification cards.	
	Licences and permits include, but are not limited to:	
	gas work occupational licences for jobs responsible for gas-related activities and gas fitting	
	 installing, servicing, testing, certifying gas devices and systems 	
	 removing, altering, repairing gas devices and systems 	
	fixing gas pipes, ventilation and flue pipes	
	working on and commissioning gas appliances	
	 testing, setting, checking and adjusting of safety devices, combustion conditions, controls and ventilation systems 	
	 working with various types of gas, e.g. oxygen, nitrogen, helium, argon, carbon dioxide, acetylene, propane, butane, nitrous oxide, chlorofluorocarbons/ hydrocarbon refrigerants, greenhouse gases, biogas, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), coal seam gas (CSG), motor fuel gases, compressed natural gas (CNG), synthetic natural gas (SNG a.k.a. substitute natural gas), hydrogen 	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
	• working with various gas devices and systems, e.g. engines, containers, tanks, cylinders, fittings, values, regulators, converters, shut off devices, fill points, pipes, hoses, meters	
	• working in specialist settings, e.g. hospital, medical, caravans, welding, fire suppression.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices.	
	Note: Gas Work licences were previously known as Gas Installer, Gas Serviceman, Gas Installer (Advanced), Gas Motor Fuel Installer, Gas Supplier Inspector.	
5.3.2	Authorisations – petroleum and gas	25 years after authorisation,
	Records relating to granting authorisations to undertake Type B petroleum safety and health-related activities under relevant legislation.	licence or permit has ceased/expired.
	Includes managing applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, terminations, imposing provisions, reservations or conditions and issuing authorisations and identification cards.	
	Authorisations include, but are not limited to:	
	 gas work authorisations and equipment approvals, including motor fuel gas devices, gas fuelled engines, industrial appliances, industrial servicing, and major projects 	
	gas quality approvals for consumer gas supply	
	 installing and using pre-payment gas meters 	
	gas measurement schemes	
	service provider tests and validations	
	 safety management plans and safety reports 	
	other public interest submissions.	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	applications (successful)	
	assessments	
	information notices.	

Disposal authorisation	Description of records	Retention period & trigger
5.3.3	 Unsuccessful and withdrawn applications Records relating to unsuccessful applications to undertake petroleum and gas-related activities. Includes refusals. Records may include, but are not limited to: applications (unsuccessful and withdrawn) assessments information notices. 	7 years after authorisation, licence or permit application refused/withdrawn.
instruments in control, unique	ON associated with receiving, processing, granting and refusing applications for registration of objects, pe e electronic and/or physical registers for particular purposes as required by business and legislation. In e identification and public search requirements. Includes registering licence holders, maps, licence and ases and outcomes.	ncludes purposes of process

5.4.1	Petroleum and gas safety and health registers Records relating to registering petroleum and gas safety and health related occupations, licences individuals and organisations.	25 years after business action completed.
	Includes processes related to managing applications, renewals, transfers, releases, changes, surrenders, cancellations, and terminations.	
	Registers include, but are not limited to:	
	petroleum licences and sub-licences	
	gas licence holders	
	 accredited persons and organisations. 	
	Records may include, but are not limited to:	
	register entries.	

Appendix: Definition of <u>Significant</u> Versus <u>Other</u>

* Significant

Significance may be determined by a number of factors:

- department is the lead agency with another government agency or private organisation
- substantial changes or influences government policy or direction
- results in a significant government project or program
- significant contribution to the body of knowledge on a particular subject
- considerable economic impact (e.g. major government contracts, corporatisation of government assets)
- notable environmental impact (e.g. drought, salinity, genetically modified crops, heritage buildings/places, world heritage listings, national parks/reserves)
- extent of profound changes to lives of individuals, families or communities (e.g. native title)
- public reaction or sensitivity
- serious impact or consequence (e.g. deaths, a large case)
- precedent setting prosecutions, court cases (e.g. first of its kind).

For this schedule, it also includes:

- Determinable major impact or consequence for relevant business area i.e. required for longer term direct business needs, impact assessments and reference, evidence decisions, support actions, and provide longer term, historical knowledge of the business, including reference for generational change, and "insurance" against business staff turnover and knowledge loss (e.g. for an investigation business area investigations that are important, involve repeat offenders, have a large scope or are critical to repeatability of investigation processes).
- Boards of Inquiry set up to handle mining regulatory compliance and safety and health issues within the mining industry. Includes core business and transactions of the Inquiry. For sentencing of financial/administrative records of Boards of Inquiry use the General retention and disposal schedule.

If on balance of the factors, the records represent significant issue/s, retain as "Significant".

If in doubt, seek advice or keep as default with review until more information becomes available.

~ Other

Also known as non-state significant, not significant, minor, low value, low risk, routine, etc. Non-significance may be determined by a number of factors:

- lesser in size, scope or importance
- represents one individual's opinion on topic of low value to community
- not serious, i.e. routine, duplicable, low value, short applicability, short-term relevance
- not resulting in changes to government or agency policy, or minor changes only
- not generating or outlaying significant funds
- not substantial public interest in the context of the definitions of 'significant' above
- low value to community
- inconsequential or low risk if records not kept
- minor operational details
- routine matters
- working papers, audio, video or other recordings used as working notes only.

If on balance of the factors, the records represent non-significant issues, retain as "Other".

If in doubt, seek advice or keep as default with review until more information becomes available.